



Hampole and Skelbrooke

Community Profile

Well Doncaster

Community Led Health and Wealth
Empowering people in Doncaster to live better, healthier, and happier lives.

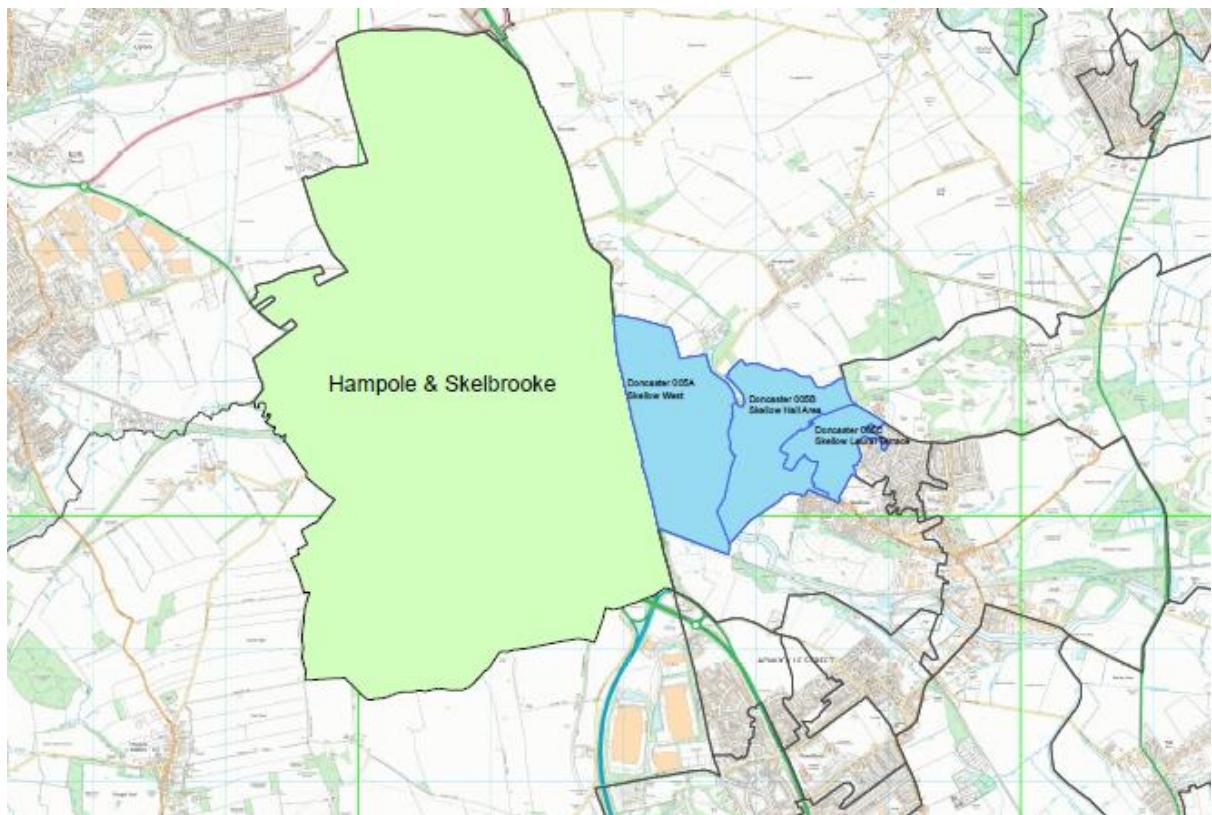
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Well Doncaster
**Community
Wealth Builder**

Well Doncaster
Be Well



**City of
Doncaster
Council**



This Report

This report uses a population health management approach to looking at the health of a whole group of people such as a town, neighbourhood, or community instead of just focusing on one person at a time. It is designed to help community leaders, services, residents etc. understand the strengths of both people and place, whilst also looking into what health challenges are common in that group, what services are needed most, and where help is lacking. By using data and trends, this Community Profile can inform tailored ways to keep people healthy, prevent illness, and make sure everyone gets the care they need. By focusing on prevention, early intervention, and coordinated care, together we can build healthier communities and support long-term, sustainable improvements in public health. The first Community Profile was written in 2023 and has been refreshed in 2025 to reflect the current opportunities and challenges of the community.

This report focuses on the communities of Hampole and Skelbrooke, part of the Sprotbrough ward in the North Locality of the City and begins with a summary outlining key information and priorities. This document includes conversations with communities, ward members, community organisations, faith groups, residents and other organisations who work in the area. This document is shared with the intention of supporting those conversations and sharing information that might not be readily available to local people.

To ensure each community is represented as accurately as possible, where possible, separate data and illustrations have been used. Data that is only available at ward level will be stated when included. Indirectly Standardised Ratios (ISRs) have been used throughout this document and have been used to compare data at community and ward level, against a reference population. ISRs show how often an event (such as deaths or hospital admissions) occurs in a population compared to what would be expected in a reference population, after adjusting for age differences. England is used as the reference population for ISR's throughout the document.



Hampole and Skelbrooke



20% of residents have no qualifications



44.4% of residents are economically inactive



21.3% of residents are registered as disabled



20.8% of residents live alone in Hampole and Skelbrooke



54.2% of residents are aged 50 years or older



46.2% of children are living in poverty

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One Page Summary

Hampole and Skelbrooke are small rural communities within the Sprotbrough ward, characterised by a strong sense of identity and low levels of crime. The area benefits from high life expectancy and relatively low deprivation compared to Doncaster overall. However, significant challenges remain that impact health, wellbeing, and economic resilience.

Levels of deprivation in Sprotbrough ward are significantly lower than the rest of Doncaster and the England. Census data suggests that a large proportion of residents in Hampole and Skelbrooke are not living in deprivation, whilst a relatively smaller number of households face multiple types of deprivation.

There is a low prevalence of childhood and adult obesity in the ward. Life expectancy for men and women are higher in Sprotbrough ward than across Doncaster, and for men this is higher than any other ward. Premature mortality and deaths from cancer, circulatory disease, coronary heart disease, stroke, and respiratory diseases are lower in this ward than across Doncaster. Colorectal cancer and lung cancer rates are also lower in Sprotbrough ward, but there is a higher incidence of breast and prostate cancer. There are high levels of emergency hospital admissions for 15–24-year-olds in the Sprotbrough ward. Alcohol-specific admissions are low across the ward, but the prevalence of smokers, particularly at 15 years of age, is higher in Sprotbrough than across Doncaster.

Accommodation in the ward is predominantly houses or bungalows. Over half of housing is owned outright, and the proportion of socially rented housing is considerably lower than across Doncaster. Most residents live in single-family households. There are low rates of crime and anti-social behaviour.

Hampole and Skelbrooke does not appear to be very diverse in ethnicity or languages spoken as the majority have reported to identify as 'White', whilst almost all residents report that their main language spoken is English.

Hampole and Skelbrooke has an aging population. There are much fewer children aged 19 and under and adults aged under 50 years of age compared to England. There is an increased number of residents aged 50 years and over and the gap between the national average continues to increase as residents age.

Key Priorities

- High rates of breast and prostate cancer
- There is an absence of health assets in Hampole and Skelbrooke
- High prevalence of smokers at age 15 in the ward
- An ageing population

Assets

Well Doncaster uses a community-centred approach which allows investment in supporting, working with and empowering communities to facilitate healthier communities. The voice and role of our communities and taking a strength/assets-based approach to work with individuals, families and communities is crucial to the achievement our overall vision.

Asset Maps

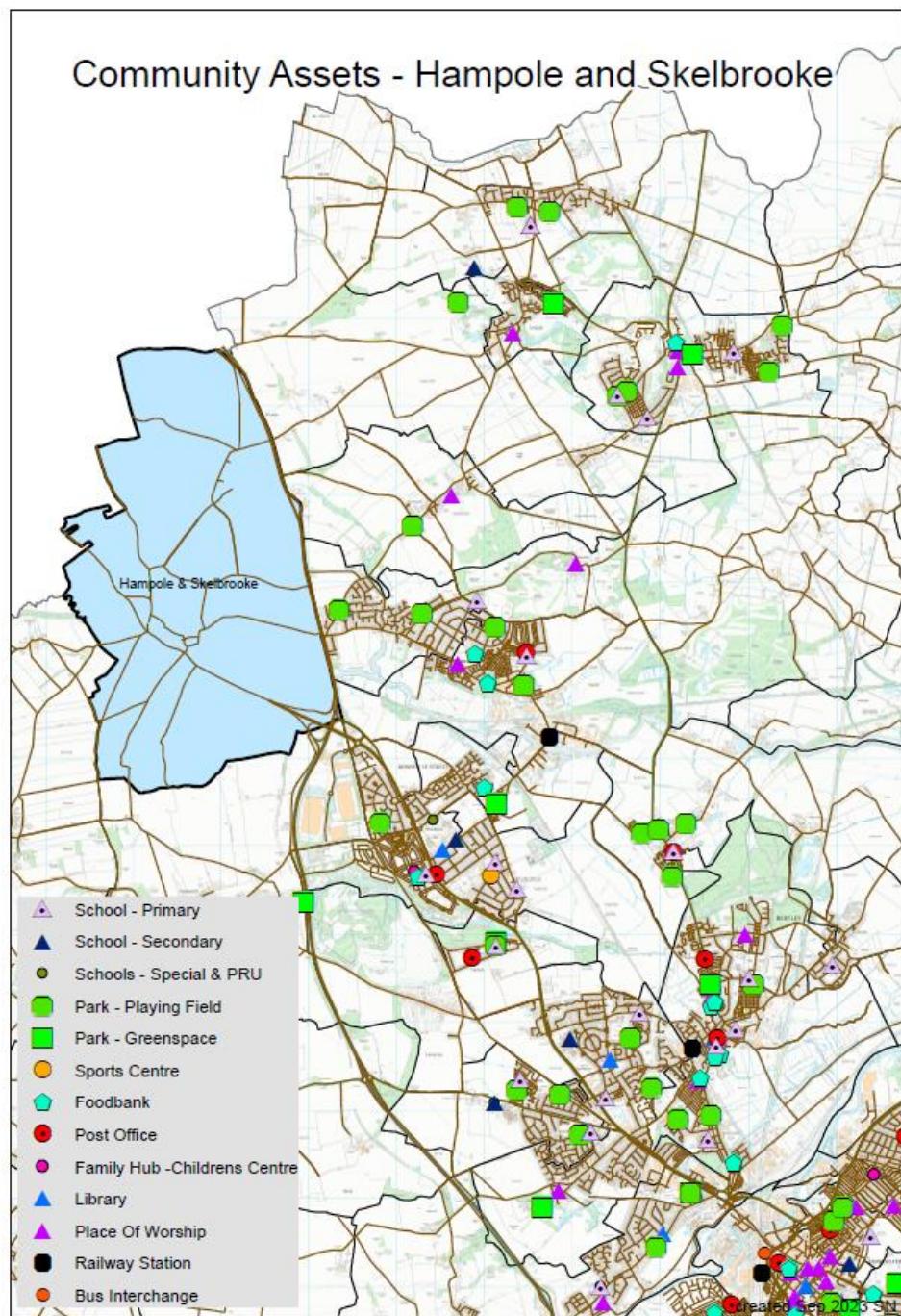


Figure 1. Community Assets in Hampole and Skelbrooke, City of Doncaster Council, 2024

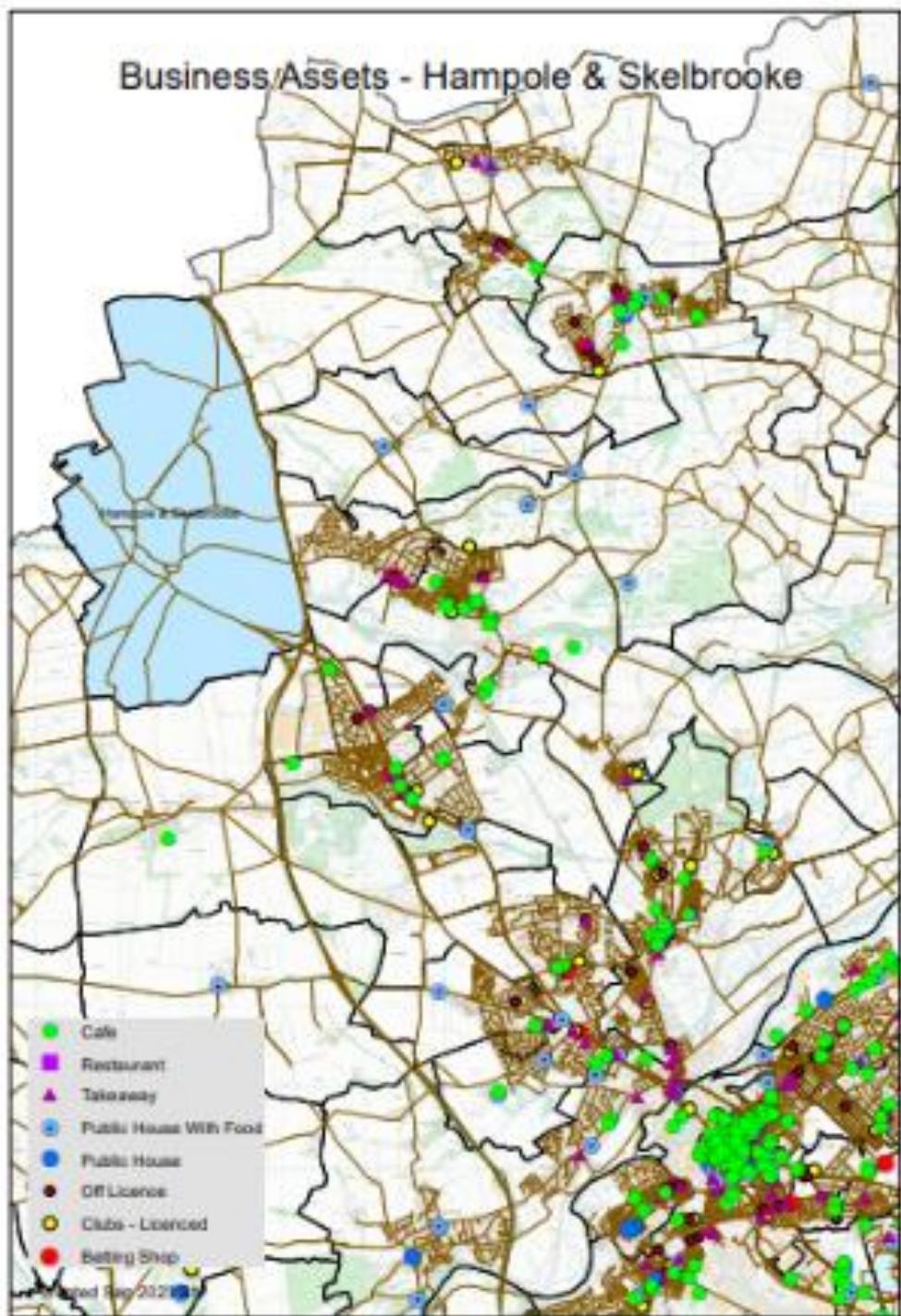


Figure 2. Hampole and Skelbrooke Business Assets, City of Doncaster Council, 2024

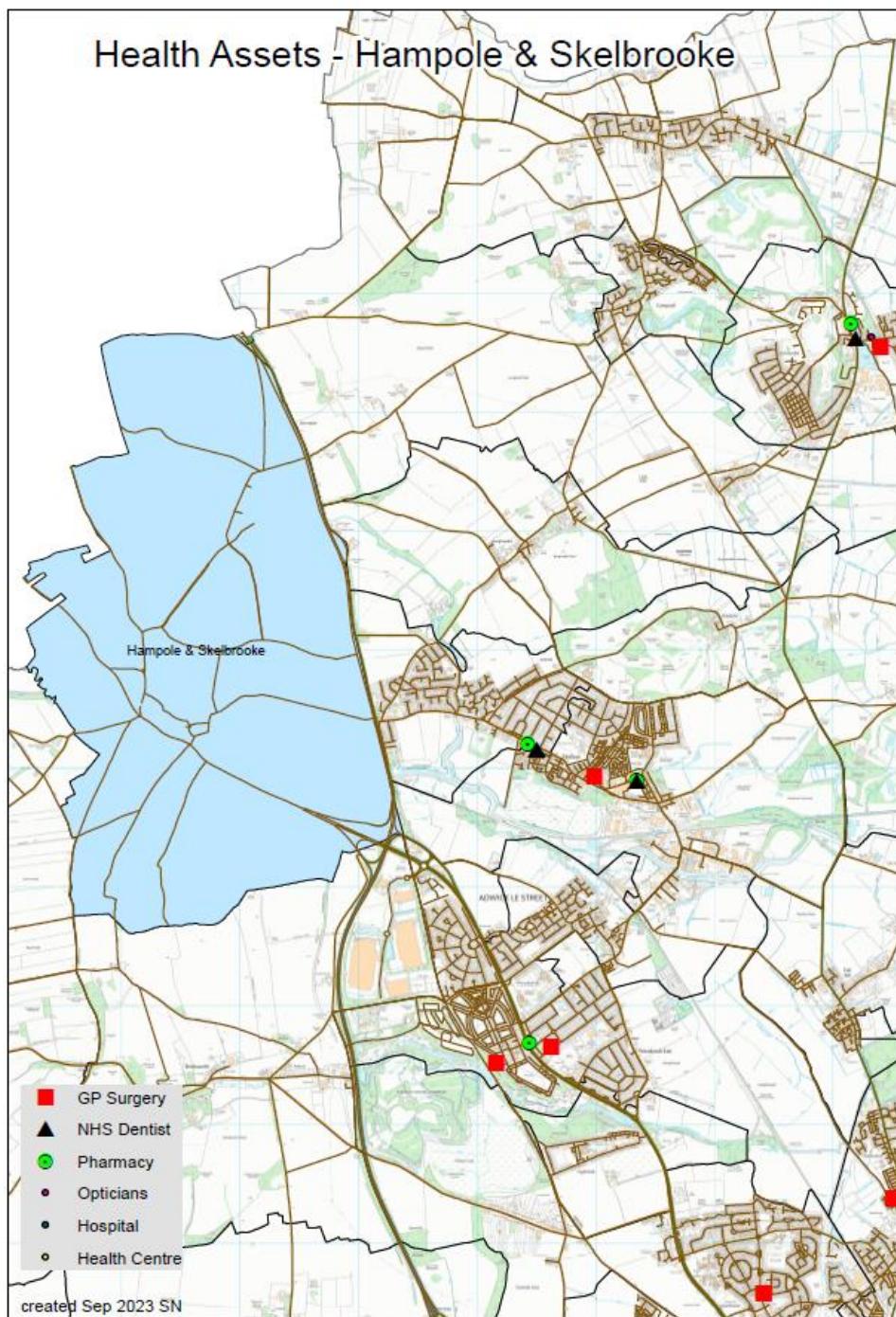


Figure 3. Health Assets in Hampole and Skelbrooke, City of Doncaster Council, 2024

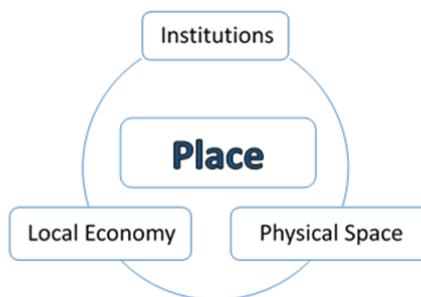
Hampole, Skelbrooke have no community, business or health assets within their boundaries. The closest asset-rich community is Adwick Le Street and Carcroft. This contributes to the deprivation faced by residents.

Assets in the Community

Population Health Management

It is vital to understand the effect and direction the pandemic and cost of living crisis is having on community organisations in the ward so that appropriate and targeted support can be offered, and work can be implemented to manage any gaps or risks associated with changes. Well Doncaster officers undertake regular population health management insight with community organisations, identifying their current status and needs, and work with each group and partners to meet their goals. This is a living document and will be updated and adapted as needs are met and change. If you would like more detail on this, please contact welldoncaster@doncaster.gov.uk.

As part of a population health management approach, the following assets have been identified and themed around place and people:



Hampole		
Institutions (Schools/colleges etc.)	Physical Space (Parks, carparks etc.)	Local Economy (Local profit Businesses)
None	None	None
Skelbrooke		
Institutions (Schools/colleges etc.)	Physical Space (Parks, carparks etc.)	Local Economy (Local profit Businesses)
Places of Worship: St Michaels & All Angels Church	Physical Activity/Sports: Hampole and Skelbrooke Cricket Club	None



Skelbrooke	
INDIVIDUALS (Key individuals within the community)	ASSOCIATIONS (Local Groups/Clubs)
Ward Members Oliver Bloor – Reform Cynthia Ransome - Conservative	Support: Church services Physical Activity/Sports: Cricket Stubbs Hall Lakes - Fishing Community Groups: Hampole and Skelbrooke Cricket Club
Hampole	
INDIVIDUALS (Key individuals within the community)	ASSOCIATIONS (Local Groups/Clubs)
Ward Members Oliver Bloor – Reform Cynthia Ransome - Conservative	Organisations: Hemsworth and District Clay Pigeon Club Hampole and Skelbrooke Parish Meeting

Community Insight

Appreciative Inquiry

Data was analysed using a framework analysis approach (Ritchie and Lewis, 2003). Framework Analysis involves a systematic process of sifting, charting and sorting the material into key issues and themes allowing the integration of pre-existing themes into the emerging data analysis.

The Well Doncaster Team undertake an Appreciative Inquiry approach within communities to gather insight to support co-designing action plans with the community. The AI questions are structured to pull on the successes of the past and present, to seek new potentials and possibilities and build on those through the Dream and Design stages.

The Appreciative Inquiry will include the following steps:

1. **Discovery** – This will involve engagement with the residents of Hampole and Skelbrooke to find out what is working well in the community. Responses will be themed to allow priorities of the community to be established.
2. **Dream** – Residents and key stakeholders will be invited to attend an initial workshop to discuss what ideas they have for their community and how these will meet the priorities highlighted in the discovery phase.
3. **Design** – All attendees are invited back for a second workshop to develop an action plan to direct work for the community.
4. **Deliver** – A collaborative way of working and investing resources in working towards the actions from the previous phase.

Whilst the Sprotbrough ward is not one of the main priority areas for Well Doncaster, Appreciative Inquiry has been undertaken within its communities. At this time, responses have been combined with other non-priority communities to create an 'other North communities' analysis. As the number of Appreciative Inquiries increases, it may be possible in the future to undertake specific theming for each community within the Sprotbrough ward. The table below outlines the key emerging themes and sub themes identified during the thematic analysis of Appreciative Inquiry undertaken for the 'outlying' areas up until November 2025.

Theme	Sub theme	Quotes	Commentary
Community Spirit, Pride and Belonging	Friendliness Social Support Familiarity Participation	<p>There is a good sense of community. Things to do if you want to get involved in community. - OC-23-003</p> <p>People get together especially when they are on their own. There is a lovely atmosphere - OC-23-41</p> <p>Been brought up in the area so know a lot of people, know everyone. - OC-23-59</p> <p>I like where I live because the people are lovely, supportive community in my area [...] brings everyone together, feels safer. Rely on each other. Look out for each other - OC-23-66</p> <p>Having lots of friends and socialising - being supported and being able to support other people in my community. - OC-23-72</p> <p>people are lovely and chatty, feel like i belong – OC-25-4824</p> <p>Good councillors...Having kind people in community helps me feel positive - OC-23-001</p> <p>It's a small quiet community, People don't often move out, so everyone knows everyone - OC-24-130</p> <p>Scawthorpe has a great sense of community, and I like knowing I live near lots of family and friends [...] It allows me to know support is available to me close-by. - OC-24-4559</p> <p>We have passionate people in our community - people who are looking out for the community and safety of residents. We have good communication within the village and a good Facebook page to share what's going on in the area. - OC-24-5098</p> <p>I have lived in Sprotbrough all my life, 58 years, I love it here. OC-24-5536</p> <p>I've lived here a long time and I have friends [...] There is a good sense of community and we are near family and get help caring – OC-25-147</p>	<p>When asked what was good about the surrounding villages in North Doncaster, most residents suggested the type of people around them was key to having a positive experience. Many suggested that having a sense of community amongst friends, neighbours and family was the most important factor. Some suggested this came in the form of feeling like there was social support close by and there was always someone to talk to. Others suggested knowing everyone in a small village means everyone feels closer.</p> <p>Over time the sense of community spirit has evolved to encompass different meanings. Residents continue to discuss feelings of community, grounded in support they have from family and friends, and feelings of familiarity for having lived in their communities for a long time. Residents speak of a community spirit in the way local people look out for one another, but also in how they communicate and participate in local community life. Two residents refer to local sources of information sharing in a community Facebook page and a community newsletter. Participation is also mentioned, with a resident speaking about how volunteering in her local community makes her feel good to be able to give back.</p> <p>There has been a strong theme of community and spirit in the Other Communities since we have been having Community Conversations in 2023. Familiarity, people and a sense of belonging remaining prevalent, but with newer ideas around passion, pride, and participation.</p>

		I enjoy doing my volunteer work and living in a good community [...] I enjoy giving back to where I live – OC-25-4543	
Perceptions of place and Environment	Perceived safety Quiet and Safe environment	<p>No antisocial behaviour...Feel safe. - OC-23-010</p> <p>Knowing people in my community makes me feel safe - OC-23-38</p> <p>It's a safe area and environment, near to green spaces and the TransPennine trail [...] Safety is very important to me, and things being in walking distance. - OC-24-64</p> <p>It's a lovely community. We look after our properties and keep things tidy - OC-23-005</p> <p>quiet area...I prefer a quiet environment in general - OC-23-001</p> <p>Scawthorpe is also really clean and tidy [...] It makes us proud to live in our area and means the area we live in is nice and welcoming. - OC-24-4533</p> <p>It is quiet and peaceful, a nice place for children OC-24-4792</p> <p>It's nice and quiet and there's no vandalism which makes it a nicer place to live. - OC-24-5242</p> <p>I like that there is low levels of ASB and it is peaceful. I can walk around to the shops. - OC-24-5477</p> <p>safer than other areas [...] For children growing up it's a better area. - OC-24-5608</p> <p>I like where I live - it's quiet and it's clean, people take pride in looking after the area. My neighbours - we look out for each other - OC-25-5534</p> <p>It's simple really...to have a good standard of living for myself and for my loved ones. - OC-25-5536</p>	<p>Residents in the past make multiple references to a lack of antisocial behaviour in their areas contributing to being a good thing about where they live. This is perhaps due to the high prevalence of ASB in other local areas nearby, where residents in these communities feel luckier or happier than they can avoid this.</p> <p>Residents cite their communities as feeling safe due to being quiet, knowing people nearby, and knowing that people look after each other. Residents make frequent reference to their community being quiet and peaceful, noting low levels of ASB, and safety particularly for children.</p> <p>The peace and quiet, particularly in rural areas and on trails such as the TransPennine Trail, are a key contributor to feelings of safety. More recently, residents mention a sense of pride in their community, with people looking after where they live and the people around them. The area being both clean and well looked after by its residents is a key factor in why people like where they live.</p> <p>Residents tie this feeling of quietness, safety, and community pride, to having an overall better standard of living. The wider determinants of health here are noted to be of good quality, something which is referenced further in the Health and Wellbeing Framework below.</p>

<p>Green Spaces</p>	<p>Rural Parks Exercise Heritage</p>	<p>Has a countryside feel to where I live – OC-23-116 Lovely peaceful, dog walks, people similar ages. close to fields and nice walks, family close by – OC-23-131 There are local parks which are well maintained with things to do for children and its nice for adults to walk around – OC-23-133 It's quiet, there are lots of green spaces about, close to nature – OC-23-142 Green space is fantastic for exercising – OC-23-57 Barnsley Road Park and Cusworth Park [...] parks means places to get out and stuff for kids to do – OC-23-62 There's nice clean parks which i use often to walk my dogs, the TransPennine trail is good, I've noticed there have been recent refurbishments on the walk to Cusworth - OC-24-4544 I like that it has a bit of a rural feeling but you are still very near to everything. - OC-24-5521 I like that i live close to the countryside and it is rural – OC-25-274 There is really easy access to the countryside [...] I enjoy walking and being outdoors, I really like outdoor life – OC-25-275</p>	<p>Throughout the last few years, for residents in the Other Communities, green spaces are mentioned much more frequently than in other areas where Community Conversations are carried out.</p> <p>Residents frequently make reference to living rurally or having very easy access to the countryside which they see as a big draw to living in their area. This rural living does not hinder residents' ability to access amenities, as residents mention they are still close to services and facilities which they need. Residents also cite living near green spaces such as parks, trails, and heritage sites. Residents use green spaces such as parks for walking and exercise, and for the children to use. Residents use the TransPennine Trail for walking and cycling, and mention attending cultural heritage sites such as Cusworth Hall to access green spaces there. Residents note improvements to green spaces and links such as refurbishments on the TransPennine Trail and around Cusworth Hall.</p>
<p>Things to Do</p>		<p>There is lots of things for kids to do in Scawthorpe and the football club are fantastic [...] It means young people have things to do that keep them out of trouble – OC-24-4560 We have TPT close which is good for bikes – OC-24-5598 I like the walks and the countryside, you can walk or bike to other areas and it's a nice place to live. - OC-24-5626 Access to Cusworth Hall, walks to Conisborough viaduct via Sprotbrough flash (trans Pennine trail). OC5-24-472</p>	<p>Activities and things to do, are mentioned regularly in Other Communities. Residents note that there is a lot for people to do in terms of activities in the local area. This is largely split into children's activities such as sports clubs, using the TransPennine Trail for walking and cycling, and accessing heritage opportunities such as Cusworth Hall. Residents in these communities are clearly active participants in local life and benefit from accessing activities outside of their day-to-day lives. These activities commonly involve physical exercise and accessing the outdoors in an interactive manner.</p>

		<p>Good decent walks, tracks, Cusworth. - OC-25-99</p> <p>Easy access to scenic countryside, don gorge, Yorkshire wildlife trust etc – OC-25-280</p> <p>it's a lovely community with lots going on e.g. the library and social groups – OC-25-277</p>	
Local assets and amenities	<p>Local amenities</p> <p>Schools</p> <p>Community Groups and Community Spaces</p>	<p>There is plenty of opportunities to access local sports - lots of teams close by, there are more camps available for kids. The council put on the HAF sessions which are well attended – OC-23-124</p> <p>Local shops and nice pubs for a meal...Good GP practice – OC-23-010</p> <p>Cusworth hall, schools [...]A nice place to visit. Good schools mean good education – OC-23-57</p> <p>Barnsley Road Park 5 min walk with the kids to Saltersgate Primary – OC-23-71</p> <p>Good access to Cusworth Park, have a good social life here, good schools and shops, many groups and activities. - OC-24-5524</p> <p>I can get out and about, I don't feel isolated. - OC-24-5538</p> <p>shops, Morrisons, cafes, The Range, craft shops, electrical stores, all these shops and they don't impact negatively on where we live. good services in Scawsby. - OC-24-159</p> <p>[I am] involved in two CICs...important for communities to have free access to sessions in the cost-of-living crisis – OC-23-011</p> <p>Sprotbrough library is fantastic [...], it's a refuge and a safe warm space– OC-24-418</p> <p>I love Sprotbrough. The library is amazing, it's not just about books its about the community, they have all sorts of things going on in there. If you put in the effort, put yourself out</p>	<p>Residents in Other Communities regularly mention having good access to local amenities such as shops, community centres, and cafes. Multiple residents also speak about local schools being good and locally accessible. Residents link access to amenities to feeling less isolated and having a good impact on their day-to-day life.</p> <p>Residents in these communities discuss having an active social life, with plenty of activities locally as well as local amenities making life easier for them. Residents make reference to local opportunities for community support, particularly during the cost-of-living crisis. It appears that access to local amenities is important in terms of things being convenient but is equally important for people to feel less isolated and have access to support.</p> <p>Community spaces have come up consistently in community conversations throughout the time we have been collecting data in Other Communities. Spaces such as Sprotbrough Library are cited as being community hubs, where groups can attend, and community members get support. It is worth noting that Community Conversations are often carried out at community centres during social events and groups, so the weighting on these amenities may be heavier than in a more representative sample of the local population.</p>

		there and look for things then there is such a lot going on in Doncaster. - OC-24-496	
Accessibility	Transport and transport links	<p>Bus is only one every hour but we do use it and its reliable – OC-23-008</p> <p>Important for work purposes that I have easy A1 access, transport/infrastructure - this gives greater scope for work opportunities – OC-23-35</p> <p>Good access to main roads. Get on train at Bentley – OC-23-35</p> <p>I'm not particularly mobile, so am able to access things I need using the bus – OC-23-64</p> <p>easy to get to work, son can walk to school, can walk to pub instead of getting taxi – OC-23-126</p> <p>Don't drive so need things to be close by or have a good bus service – OC-23-70</p> <p>We can go anywhere with road access. Good to have things local - OC-23-72</p> <p>Jossey Lane is lovely and we have great transport links to town and many other places. OC-24-4533</p> <p>It has a good connection to the town centre, which I often visit and have to travel through. OC-24-5097 (sprot)</p> <p>I like it you can get to the centre easy – OC-25-570</p> <p>It's quite central to trains and bus routes, well connected [...] so I can try to be less isolated – OC-25-40</p> <p>Its accessible to town and stuff that we need close to town easy bus route to town [...] Never know what's going to happen and needing to have access to things – OC-25-394</p>	<p>Accessibility to key locations including work, train station and shops is important to residents living in the outer villages in North Doncaster. This is cited for various reasons including attending local social groups, getting into the city centre for shopping, getting out of the local area for work, or even simply knowing that you can get somewhere if needed for example in an emergency.</p> <p>There is a divide in responses here as the majority of responses make reference to accessibility of road transport in the area when you are able to drive – linking their communities to accessing the A1 and the city centre. Other residents discuss the importance of a strong public transport system due to either not being able to drive or not being able to walk far.</p> <p>There are mixed responses due to the mix of local areas covered in this framework. For example, residents in Sprotbrough and Scawsby discuss ease of access to the city centre but in other areas this is not necessarily the case. In multiple conversations residents have mentioned how bus services are not as frequent as they used to be, for some residents this is not an issue, but for others it has impacted their ability to get into the city centre.</p>
	Access to amenities/facilities		

Health and Wellbeing			
Theme	Sub theme	Quotes	Commentary
Social Wellbeing	Socialising and getting out of the house Family	<p>Getting out and being social – OC-23-44</p> <p>My children being happy and content means I am happy and content - OC-23-009</p> <p>To have a good quality of life and be able to support younger generations of family e.g. grandchildren – OC-23-010</p> <p>I like where I live - it's quiet and it's clean, people take pride in looking after the area. My neighbours - we look out for each other but aren't in each other's pockets...perfect! [...] Because it has a direct impact on my overall health and my happiness - OC-25-5534</p> <p>Having local groups that run near where you live, - OC-24-4793</p> <p>Getting out and socialising – OC-24-4543</p> <p>Socialising a lot, having access to green spaces, having transport to get to social groups and opportunities including buses. - OC-25-418</p> <p>It's good for your mental health, stops you feeling isolated. Its (library) a kindly place with smiling faces. - OC-25-418</p>	<p>Social Wellbeing is a key theme within the health responses in the Other Communities. This plays out in different ways but largely draws links between socialising and health, or between health and supporting others.</p> <p>Residents rely on getting out of the house and getting to social opportunities to contribute to their mental wellbeing, at local social groups for instance. Local groups and community spaces such as libraries contribute heavily to reducing social isolation, which people strongly link to wellbeing. Being able to access transport to these groups is crucial where residents are not able to drive.</p> <p>Residents also cite needing to have good health to be able to support family members such as children.</p>
Health as Personal Responsibility	Physical activity Managing conditions Proactive role in own health	<p>being mobile and active [is important] - OC-23-008</p> <p>I would like to be as healthy as I possibly could be with the cards that are dealt me. e.g. managing/preventing any conditions/illness that may occur – OC-23-35</p> <p>passion for me as a parent, want child to be active. More active children have better attainment – OC-23-59</p> <p>Gymnastics, athletics, basketball, parkour – OC-25-5102</p> <p>To stay in control of your health, nowadays it's so hard to see the health service you need to make sure you take control and do the best for yourself. - OC-25-5521</p>	<p>Residents in these communities identify health as being part of an individual's personal responsibility. They acknowledge the need to be proactive and engaged in managing long term conditions but also in having healthy habits such as eating well and exercising. Physical exercise has been mentioned throughout the community framework as residents often use green spaces to access opportunities for exercise such as walking and cycling. In the health responses, residents mention other ways they stay active, and the importance of passing on healthy habits to younger generations.</p> <p>Residents have identified that it is not always possible to seek help from healthcare services, so it is important to take control and manage your own health where possible,</p>

		<p>getting out, walks, eating healthy, supplements – OC-25-159</p> <p>You've got to start thinking about it when you're young, things like healthy eating and exercise are really important to live a good healthy life. - OC-25-49</p>	<p>starting this at a young age to be able to live a long and healthy life.</p>
Services	<p>Being listened to</p> <p>Kindness</p> <p>Efficiency</p> <p>Access</p> <p>Community Healthcare</p>	<p>Everything, supported and listened too as well as fair and equal access to health services – OC-24-4893</p> <p>getting care when you need it, care is good where I am as it is a convenient location, multiple GPs in Cusworth – OC-24-547</p> <p>Being able to get an appointment in advance for less urgent matters. My practice has improved their process with appointment booking in recent years. - OC-23-35</p> <p>Ease of getting medical appointments - accessibility and availability. - OC-24-5097</p> <p>Always being able to get an appointment at the hospital and at the doctors, and in a reasonable time frame. To feel like I'm being listened to, that's really important to me. - OC-24-5534</p> <p>my pharmacy is good for easy access to care and gave my cousin antibiotics so is more easy access point than doctors you can just walk in and can speak to someone – OC-24-5569</p> <p>Husband is ill do travelling around a lot my Dr's is good on it straight away and had District nurses coming round and providing support – OC-24-5602</p> <p>Easy access and that it is there when you need it. Awareness of different people's circumstances and flexibility in people accessing appointments. Pharmacy provisions are great and not enough people know about them - when my son was poorly, they were fab and helped out straight away. - OC-25-64</p> <p>Healthcare brought into the community is a great idea. - OC-25-64</p>	<p>When asked 'What does good quality healthcare look and feel like to you?' residents most commonly raised issues with accessing GP services – citing 'getting an appointment when you need it' as extremely important. Residents are happy when services are responsive, efficient, and locally accessible. Residents have mentioned changes in booking systems in recent years which some appreciate but others feel alienated by due to technological barriers.</p> <p>Responses to this question did bring out a number of negative responses particularly around access, and some residents mentioned choosing to pay for private services in order to access care, where others simply stated they were grateful to not need to access healthcare services in the knowledge that there are barriers to access.</p> <p>Residents do feel that they receive a good standard of care once they are able to see a medical professional, with some mentioning good relationships with their GP and others noting community services such as District Nursing being a very good quality service.</p> <p>Residents express that kindness, care, and being listened to is very important. This spans from being listened to and treated with flexibility and compassion at the point of</p>

		<p>being able to have preventative medical checks – OC-25-275</p> <p>Being able to get a GP appointment. Where a person answers the phone - not a machine. Caring, considerate and compassionate people who providing a efficient service. - OC-23-60</p> <p>holistic staff, staff having time to talk through health issues, not just one per appointment. need joined up working. - OC-25-362</p>	<p>accessing services with receptionists, to feeling heard and validated within appointments with doctors.</p> <p>Residents do note the need for preventative care, and a holistic approach in healthcare, with healthcare being brought into the community. This shows a level of health literacy and residents being active in their own health – seen as a separate theme in this framework.</p>
Environment and Health	<p>Safety</p> <p>Green Space</p>	<p>Having a safe environment to get fresh air and exercise. Healthy food and good mental health - OC-23-57</p> <p>Being outside makes me feel better, going for nice walks in the local area - OC-23-58</p> <p>Living in a quiet are helps with anxiety and mental health - OC-23-67</p> <p>watch the wildlife, mindfulness – OC-25-4824</p> <p>Access to fresh air and green spaces at any time of day and feeling safe at all times of the day so I can go for a walk before the sunrise or after the sun sets. - OC-25-64</p>	<p>In the Other Communities, a theme which came through strongly regarding Health and Wellbeing was living in a good environment. Residents recognised the impact of the wider determinants of health and were able to identify factors in their local community which contribute to positive mental and physical wellbeing. Key examples mentioned were living somewhere safe and quiet and being able to access to green spaces to get fresh air and exercise.</p>
Representations of Good Health		<p>Keeping well at my age, keeping mobile and active and still being able to work. - OC-23-36</p> <p>To live longer and have things/plans that I am able to do. I try to enjoy every day and make the best of life - OC-23-60</p> <p>To live a long and healthy life. - OC-25-5242</p> <p>For me, it's being and feeling healthy - looking after my physical heath to keep my mental health strong. Living a happy and fulfilled life. - OC-25-5534</p> <p>I love travel I do OK for my age going for it while I can thinking health – OC-25-325</p>	<p>Residents gave different examples of how they see 'good health' or what a healthy life looks like. For some this was linked to longevity, mobility and independence, and for others there were themes of happiness and fulfilment. Residents identified positive and hopeful examples involving being active in their health outcomes in order to lead a socially, economically, and emotionally successful life. These examples of good health encompass a number of the previous themes in this framework and reinforce the idea that local residents are proactive in having good health outcomes, recognising the importance of multiple different factors at play in their health and wellbeing.</p>

		Balance, after a few weeks on dance on i now feel much better, like speaking to people there, like folk music, like swimming at Adwick – OC-25-362	
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Table 1, Community Conversations in Hampole and Skelbrooke, Well Doncaster, 2025



Doncaster Talks

In 2019, Doncaster Talks undertook insight across the borough. Responses were separated into wards and thematically analysed. Across Sprotbrough ward, 73 responses were recorded and the main themes on what people liked about the area, what could be improved, and what the borough should focus on are displayed in the table below:

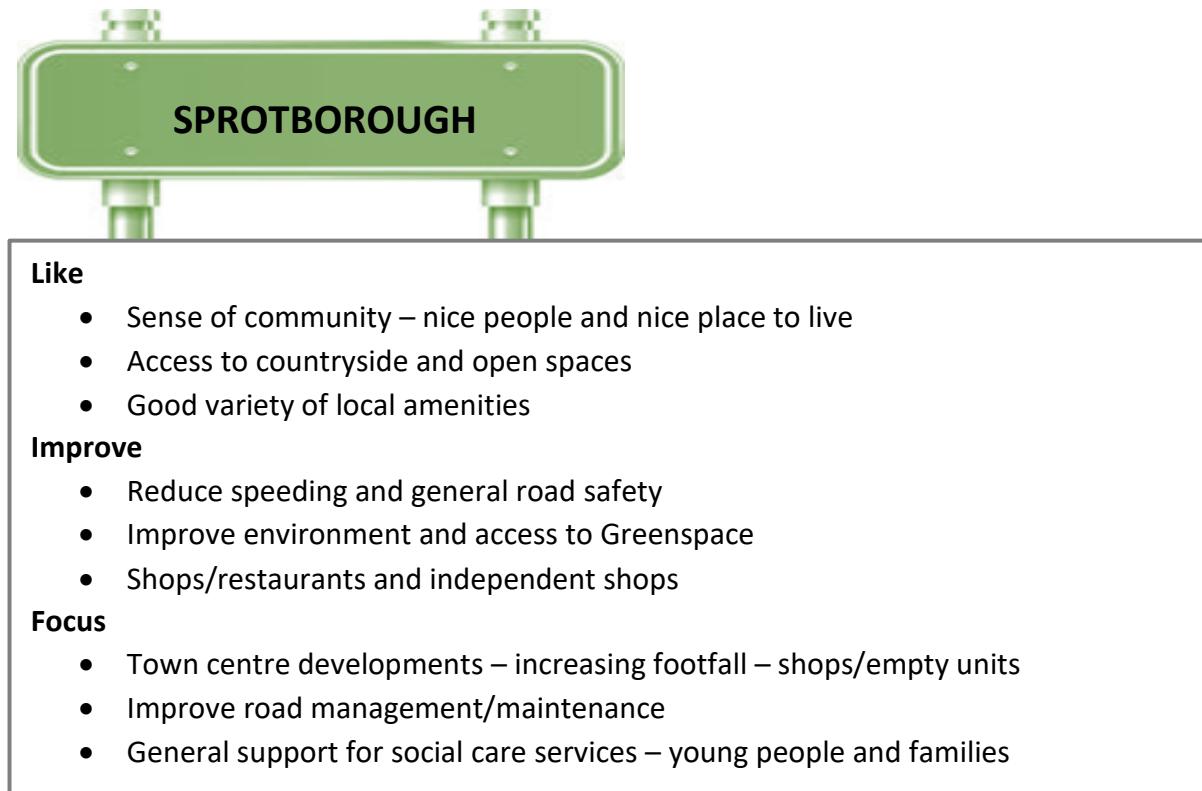


Figure 4, Doncaster Talks Themes for Sprotbrough Ward, City of Doncaster Council, 2019

Ward Members

The Sprotbrough ward has two Ward Members who were elected in 2025.



[Councillor Oliver Bloor](#)

Sprotbrough
Reform UK



[Councillor Cynthia Ransome](#)

Sprotbrough
Conservative

Health and Wealth

Health inequalities are avoidable differences across the population, and between different groups within society. Health inequalities arise from the conditions in which we live, work and play. These conditions influence our opportunities for good health, how we think, feel and act, therefore shaping our health and wellbeing.

Deprivation

Evidence shows that people living in our most deprived areas face the worse health inequalities in relation to health access, experiences and outcomes. Deprivation covers a range of issues and refers to unmet needs caused by a lack of resources, including but not limited to finances, housing and education. It is measured in different ways including the Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD).

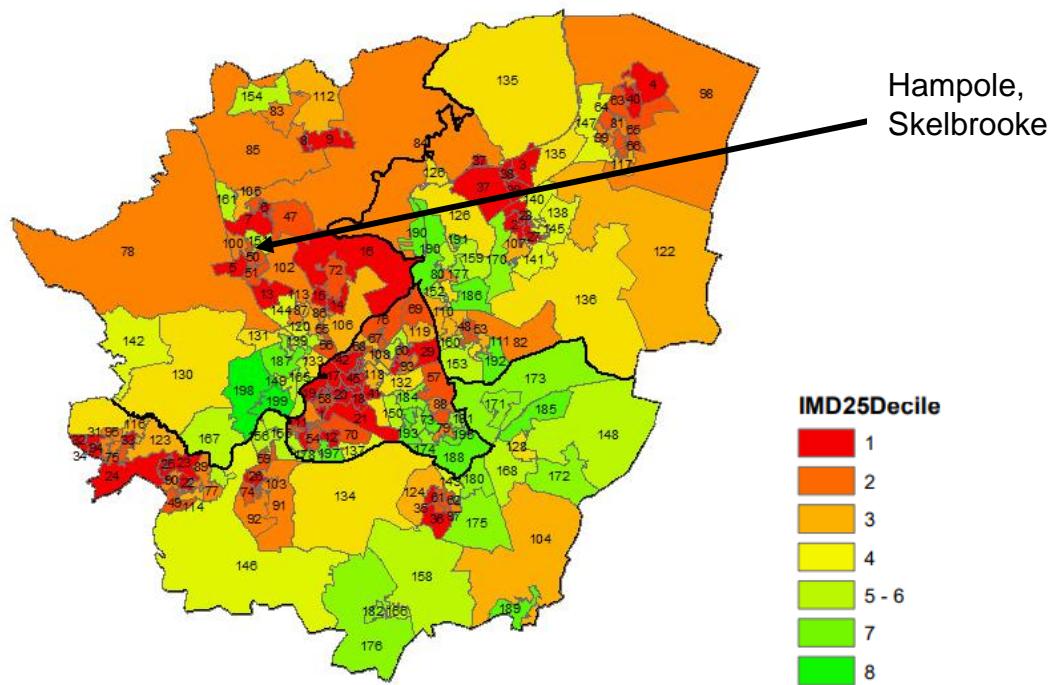


Figure 5: Index of Multiple Deprivation Deciles by LSOA 2025 – Doncaster, Office of National Statistics, 2025

The map above illustrates Sprotbrough as one of the least deprived communities in Doncaster. IMD data at LSOA level shows Hampole and Skelbrooke (25.7) does not appear as deprived as other Doncaster communities. Hampole and Skelbrooke (30.61) ranks within the top 50 most deprived communities by IMD rating in Doncaster, ranked 28th. The communities have seen an increase in IMD rating since 2019 (25.73).

Wealth Inequalities

Hampole & Skelbrooke sit within the Cadeby, Hickleton, and Hampole Middle-Layer Super Output Area (MSOA). It is important to note that data at this level includes other areas and is therefore not specific to Hampole and Skelbrooke communities. Community level data is also included. In 2025, 15.6% of Cadeby, Hickleton and Hampole MSOA residents are experiencing poverty, lower than the Doncaster average of 29.3%. This is an increase from 2019, when 7.8% of residents were living in poverty.

The proportion of older people in poverty in Cadeby, Hickleton, and Hampole MSOA (11.3%) is lower than the Doncaster rate (19.4%), similarly to all people, this has increased (from 9.4%) since 2019.

Furthermore, 28.1% of children are living in poverty, lower than the Doncaster average, 47.1%, an increase from 8.1% in 2019.

When considering the change from 2019 to 2025 data, it is important to note that there have been changes to the calculation of the source data, the income deprivation domain in the Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD). While it can be inferred that there has been an increase in the proportion of people living in poverty, the changes in this indicator may contribute to the significance of this change.

At community level, the data differs, with 29% of people in Hampole & Skelbrooke experiencing poverty, 21.1% of older people and 46.2% of children.

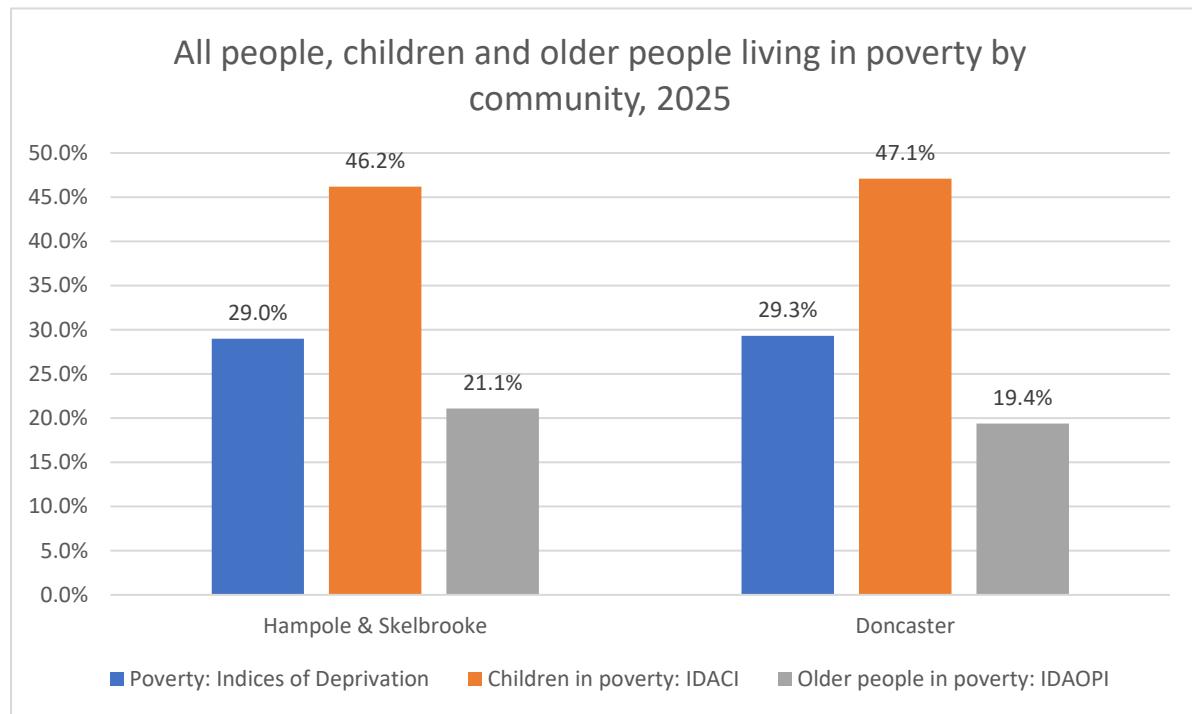


Figure 6: Poverty Prevalence using IMD25 – Office of National Statistics, 2025

The Office of Health improvement and Disparities (OHID) data shows there are fewer residents in Sprotbrough ward (6.3%) living in deprivation due to low income compared to Doncaster (16.6%) and England (12.9%) overall. It should be noted that this data reflects levels of both unemployment rates and working-age adults on low earnings.

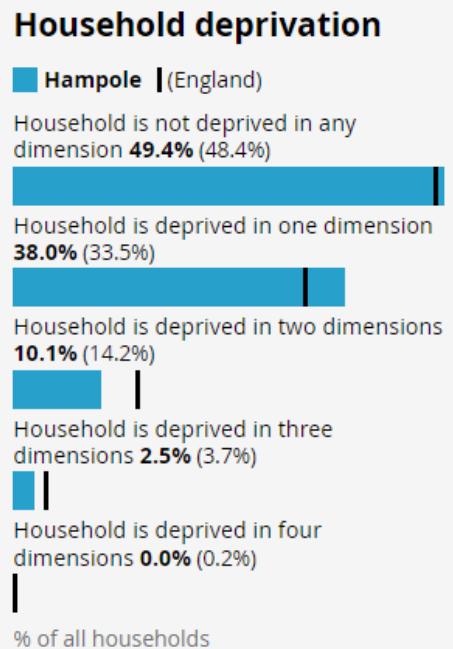


Figure 7. Deprivation Indicators in Hampole & Skelbrooke, Office of National Statistics, 2021

More specifically, Census (2021) data suggests a significant portion of residents in Hampole and Skelbrooke are not living in deprivation. However, there are still 38% of households facing some deprivation and a smaller proportion facing multiple types of deprivation.

Fuel Poverty

Although fuel poverty rates are high across Sprotbrough ward, Table 1 highlights that there are no identified communities within Hampole and Skelbrooke that are living in households facing fuel poverty.

LSOA Code	LSOA Name	Community Name	Number of households	Number of households in fuel poverty	Proportion of fuel poor households (%)
E01007583	Doncaster 020A	Adwick Upon Dearne	635	91	14.3
E01007585	Doncaster 021B	Sprotbrough Richmond Hill East	667	117	17.5
E01007586	Doncaster 020B	Barnburgh	679	69	10.2
E01007587	Doncaster 020C	Brodsworth	800	147	18.4
E01007617	Doncaster 021C	Sprotbrough West	661	64	9.7

E01007618	Doncaster 021D	Sprotbrough Richmond Hill West	519	55	10.6
E01007619	Doncaster 021E	Sprotbrough Central	761	50	6.6

Table 2. Rates of Fuel Poverty at LSOA level in Sprotbrough (Office of National Statistics, 2022)

Food Poverty

There are 7 active foodbanks in the North locality of Doncaster. There is no active foodbank within the ward boundaries of Sprotbrough. Seventh Day Adventist and Bentley Baptist Church are the closest foodbanks serving the Sprotbrough ward. Cost of Living Crisis, Low income, Benefit delays, Debt and Benefit changes are the top 5 reasons for residents accessing support from Bentley foodbanks. Figure 8 shows demand for food support has increased since April 2022 across North of Doncaster. From 2022 to 2024 demand has increased significantly for both adults and children across the locality, with 4100 adults and 3200 children being supported in 2024, which is a significant increase from 2900 adults and 170 children in 2023. It must be noted that this data does highlight where residents are accessing support, and therefore it is unknown where food poverty is more prevalent.

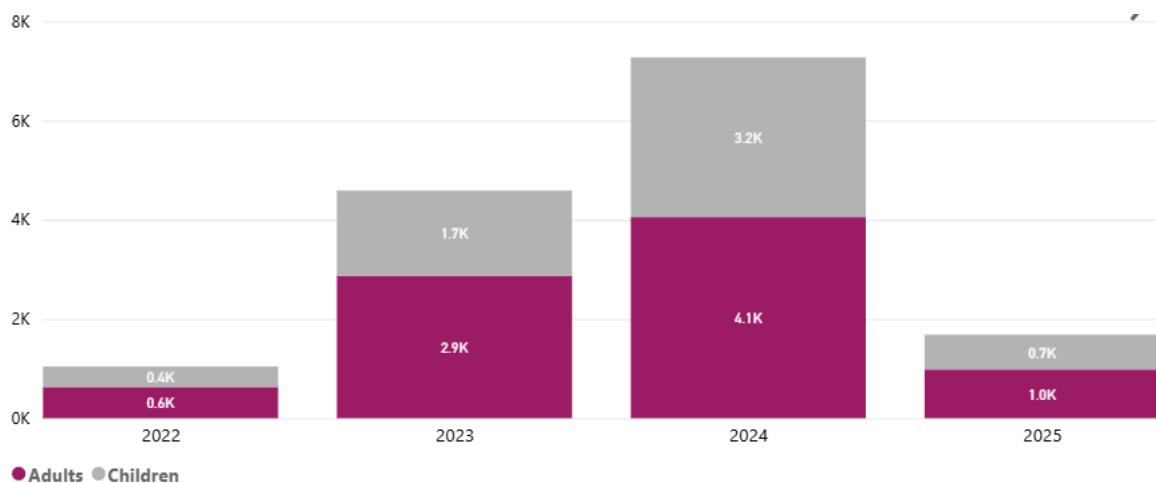


Figure 8. Number of Adults and Children Accessing Foodbanks in North of Doncaster, City of Doncaster Council, 2025

The Bread-and-Butter Thing

The purpose of The Bread-and-Butter Thing (TBBT) is to address moderate food insecurity helping minimise demand on crisis support i.e. foodbanks. They also reduce poverty premiums that families in low-income areas can face, reduce waste by identifying edible surplus food in the UK food sector and redistributing it to build resilience within the communities. TBBT establish a mobile food club which gives access to nutritious and affordable food taken into the heart of communities starved of money, food, and resources. There is no eligibility, and parcels are based on a weekly shop and provides essential produce for family eating – fresh fruit and veg, chilled

goods and cupboard staples, deeply discounting a family's shopping and stretching their budget. A members average weekly saving is £26.50.

Throughout the City there are five Hubs based in the following communities: Mexborough, Rossington, Carcroft, Thorne and Hexthorpe. Each site offers 80 residents the opportunity to access affordable food, ensuring 400 residents per week get the help they need. In 2024 across the five sites, 1596 volunteering opportunities were accessed with 3241 residents accessing the support.

Employment

According to the Census (2021), a small percentage of the population are unemployed and have not worked in the last 12 months in Hampole and Skelbrooke (11 %) in comparison to England (5%) and Doncaster (6.1%). There are high rates of economically inactive residents in Hampole and Skelbrooke (44.4%), however it is important to note that this classification includes those that are retired, students etc. Given the coronavirus pandemic was declared in early 2020 and this data was taken across 2021/22, rates of short-term unemployment may reflect the increased levels of job losses during this time.

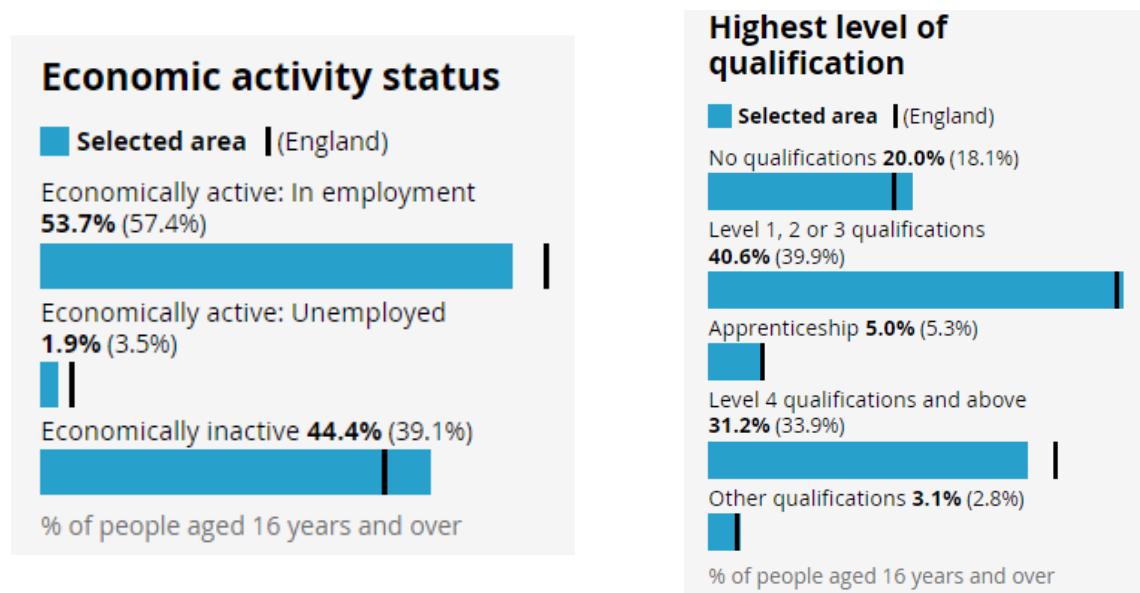


Figure 9. Economic Status of Hampole & Skelbrooke residents, Office of National Statistics, 2021

Figure 10. Highest Level of Qualification in Hampole & Skelbrooke (Office of National Statistics, 2021)

The majority of residents hold a Level 1,2, or 3 qualification in Hampole and Skelbrooke (40.6%). Similar numbers of residents hold a Level 4 qualification in Hampole and Skelbrooke (31.2%), when compared to England (33.9%). Nearly a quarter of residents hold no qualifications in Hampole and Skelbrooke. The highest proportion of people in Hampole and Skelbrooke have occupations as managers, directors and senior officials (23.3%), nearly double that of England (12.9%).

Citizens Advice Doncaster Borough

Citizen's Advice Doncaster Borough (CADB) are an independent charity and part of the Citizens Advice Network across England and Wales. They provide free, confidential and impartial advice and campaign on money, benefit, housing or employment issues affecting people's lives. During the fiscal year of 2024/25 there were 53 residents living in the Sprotbrough ward accessing CADB. During the 2024/25 fiscal year, there were 211 new interactions with CADB from residents in the ward. Debt, benefits and tax credits, utilities and communications, benefits and universal credits and consumer goods and services are the top 5 issues when seeking support.

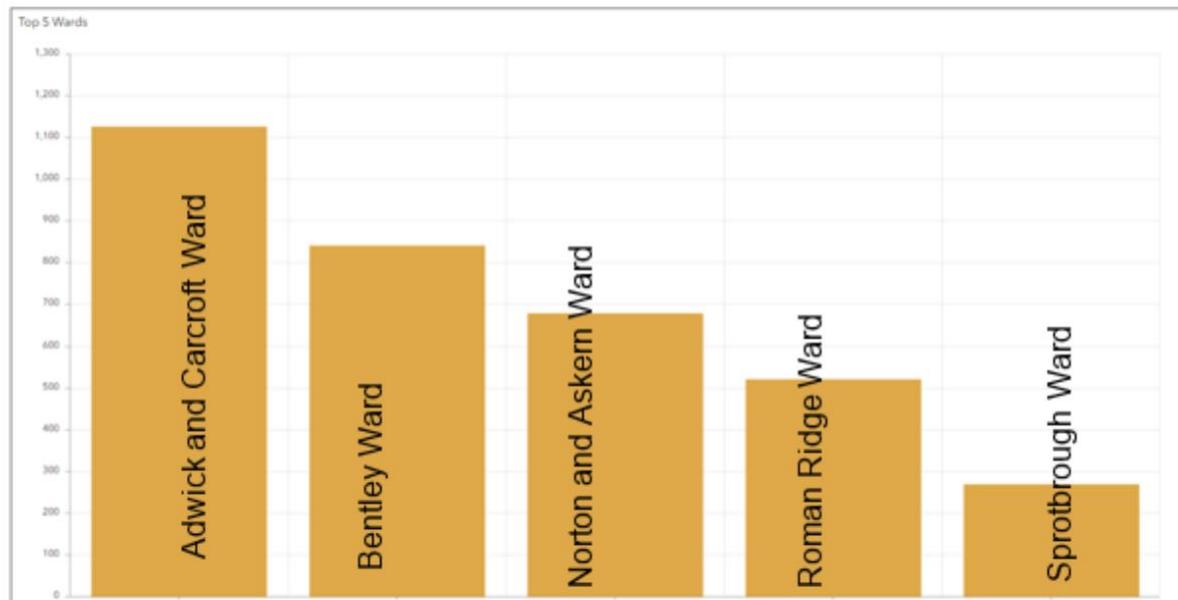


Figure 11. Number of Interactions with CADB During Fiscal Year 2024/25, Citizens Advice Doncaster Borough, 2025

Health Inequalities

Life Expectancy

Males in the Sprotbrough ward have a life expectancy of 80.6 years of age compared to the average of Doncaster (77.9) and England (79.5). This is the highest in the city. Female life expectancy is 83.0 years, compared to Doncaster (81.3) and England (83.2). Healthy life expectancy is the number of years a person lives in good health. Healthy life expectancy in males in the ward is high at 66.7 years, compared to Doncaster's average 57.4 years. Healthy life expectancy in females follows this trend in the ward, as females can expect 67.7 years of healthy life, higher than the Doncaster average of 56.1 years.

Long Term Health Conditions

The proportion of residents with poor health in Sprotbrough ward is considerably better than Doncaster and national average. OHID reported 18.1% of residents as having a limiting health condition or disability compared to an average of 21.7% across Doncaster. In addition to this, fewer residents have self-reported that their health is poor in Hampole and Skelbrooke with 19.8% reporting their health as fair, bad or poor. A total of 21.3% of residents are registered disabled under the Equality Act across Hampole and Skelbrooke.

Hospital Admissions

Public Health England data shows the rate of A&E admissions and emergency admissions in under 5s are both significantly lower in Sprotbrough ward (78.6 per 1000) than England (140.7 per 1000). However, the rate of emergency hospital admissions for ages 15 to 24 are significantly higher in Sprotbrough ward (168.5 per 1000) than figures reported for England (127.9 per 1000) and slightly higher for Doncaster (161.6 per 1000).

Myocardial infarction (heart attack) is the leading cause of hospital admissions in Hampole and Skelbrooke, but rates remain lower than most communities in Doncaster.

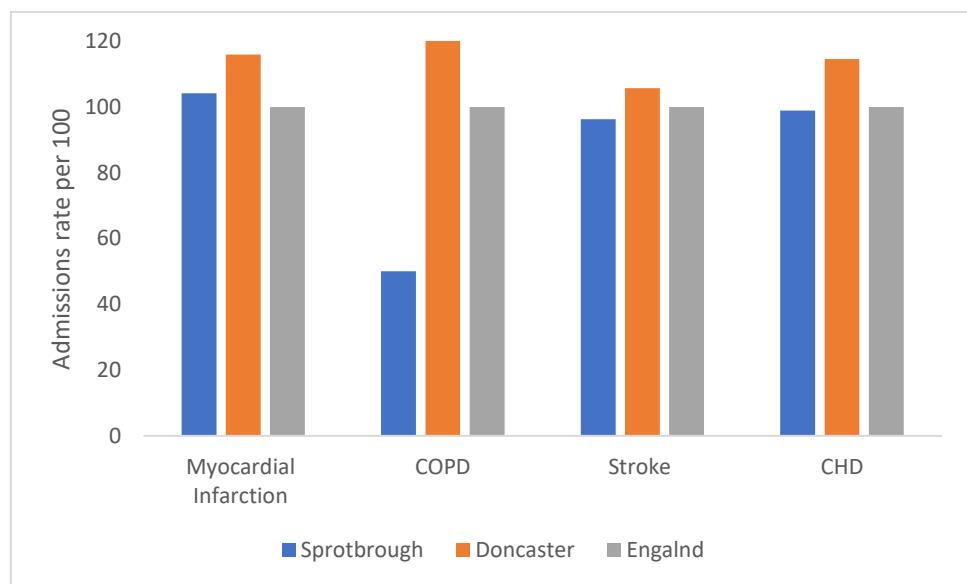


Figure 12. Comparison of Hospital Admissions in Sprotbrough Ward, Office of National Statistics, 2021

Indices of Mortality

Hampole and Skelbrooke exhibit high levels of mortality compared to Doncaster and England. The leading cause of death are those considered preventable. The basic concept of preventable mortality is that deaths are considered preventable if, in the light of the understanding of the determinants of health at the time of death, all or most deaths from the underlying cause could potentially be avoided by public health and

primary prevention interventions (that is, before the onset of diseases or injuries, to reduce incidence).

Rates of deaths from coronary heart disease are particularly high within these communities (111.0 per 100), however this is lower than Doncaster (142.2 per 100) but higher than England (100 per 100) when using ISR. In addition to this, in Hampole and Skelbrooke there are considerable rates of death due to cardiovascular disease (93.7 per 100), however this is lower than Doncaster (118.7 per 100) and England (100 per 100) when using ISR. Mortality from cancer is also a leading cause of death for residents in these communities (91.0 per 100) which is however lower than both Doncaster (113.9 per 100) and England (100 per 100) when using ISR.

Alcohol Intake

Admissions associated with alcohol incidences are not an area of significant concern, with lower rates than Doncaster and England.

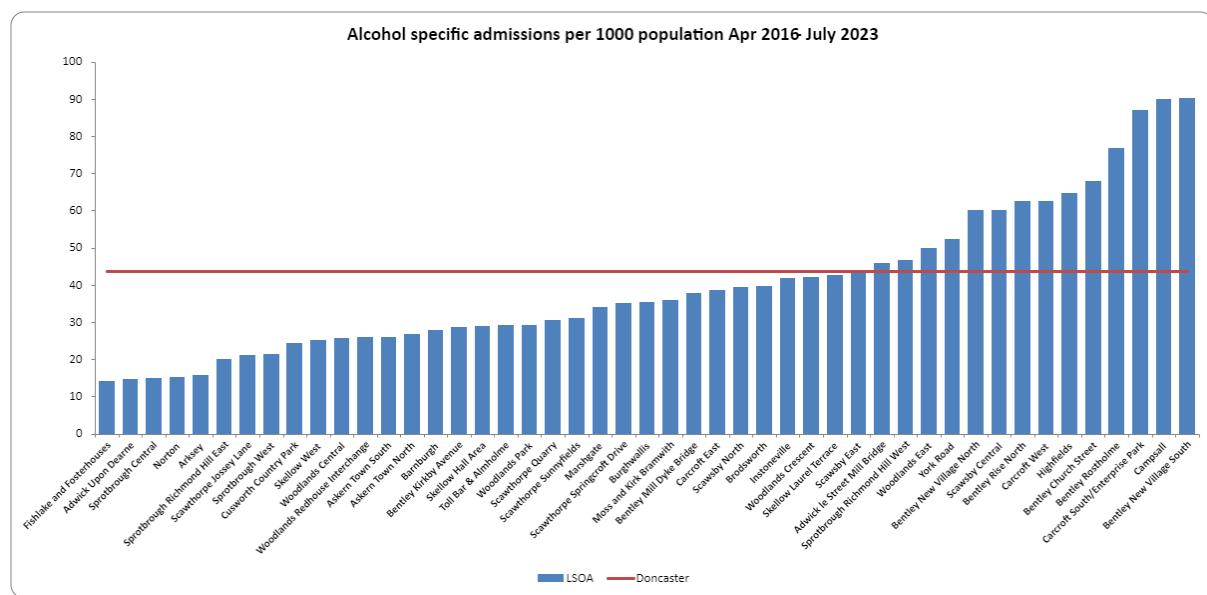


Figure 13. Alcohol Specific Admissions per 1000 population Apr 2016-July 2023, Office of National Statistics, 2023

Figure 13 shows data taken at LSOA level across North Doncaster and highlights discrepancies across communities when relating to alcohol incidences.

Smoking

10.0% of residents in the Sprotbrough ward smoke, which is lower than the Doncaster rate (14.1%) and also lower than England (10.4%). Action on Smoking and Health (ASH) estimates smoking costs Doncaster £335 million per year, the combined cost of smoking-related medical treatment via hospital admission and primary care services is £16.5 million. Social care costs due to smoking amounts to an estimated £115

million annually in Doncaster with the majority being lost to informal care costs from friends and family (£64.3 million).

In the Sprotbrough ward, the gross annual cost of smoking as of Spring 2024 was £7.45 million. An estimated £2.14 million is spent annually on Tobacco products in the Sprotbrough ward and the national average spend on tobacco per smoker now stands at £2486. Smoking has a significant impact on employment and productivity, in the Sprotbrough ward the total cost due to lost productivity from smoking was estimated at £3.98 million which is significantly lower than the borough average (£6.5M) (ASH 2024).

According to NHS England (2023), there are 64045 registered patients with Doncaster North Primary Network (PCN) in North of Doncaster, 11,885 of those are registered as smokers. There are no GP practices situated in Hampole and Skelbrooke, therefore, the data discussed is for the closest GP practices. Petersgate Medical Centre is the closest PCN GP practice for Adwick Le Street residents to register at, where 1225 patients are registered as smokers. This equates to 16.1% of patients. Data taken from Great North Medical Group suggests smoking prevalence to be much higher in Carcroft. That is, a total of 2682 residents are registered as smokers, equating to 19.8% of GP users which is significantly higher than Doncaster overall. It must be noted that such data is taken from self-reported measures when signing up to a GP and so, relies on individuals self-reporting their behaviours. It must also be noted that residents registered at GPs do not necessarily reside in that community and may not truly reflect the prevalence of smoking in specific communities.

The 2024 Pupil Lifestyle Survey reported that a number of children in the Sprotbrough ward encounter smoking in the home (21%) and that 12% of children encounter smoking in the car when a passenger. Evidence suggests growing up in a home where smoking occurs is one of the biggest risk factors to children becoming smokers themselves and may explain the high rates of smoking and smoking related health conditions in adult years. It is important to note that the Pupil Lifestyle Survey is self-reported and was not completed by all the schools and is recorded at ward level.

Childhood Development

A child's early experiences are vital in providing the foundations for children to develop healthily and happily. Children being born into deprivation and living amongst deprivation in their early years are more likely to experience a wide range of health problems, fall behind their peers and face employment problems in adult life. The quality of early experiences is important as children develop, providing opportunity for motor (physical), intellectual (language and communication), cognitive and socio-emotional development.

The Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) measures the proportion of all children aged 0 to 15 living in income deprived families. In Hampole & Skelbrooke, 46.2% of children are classed as living in child poverty, which is similar to the Doncaster rate (47.1%).

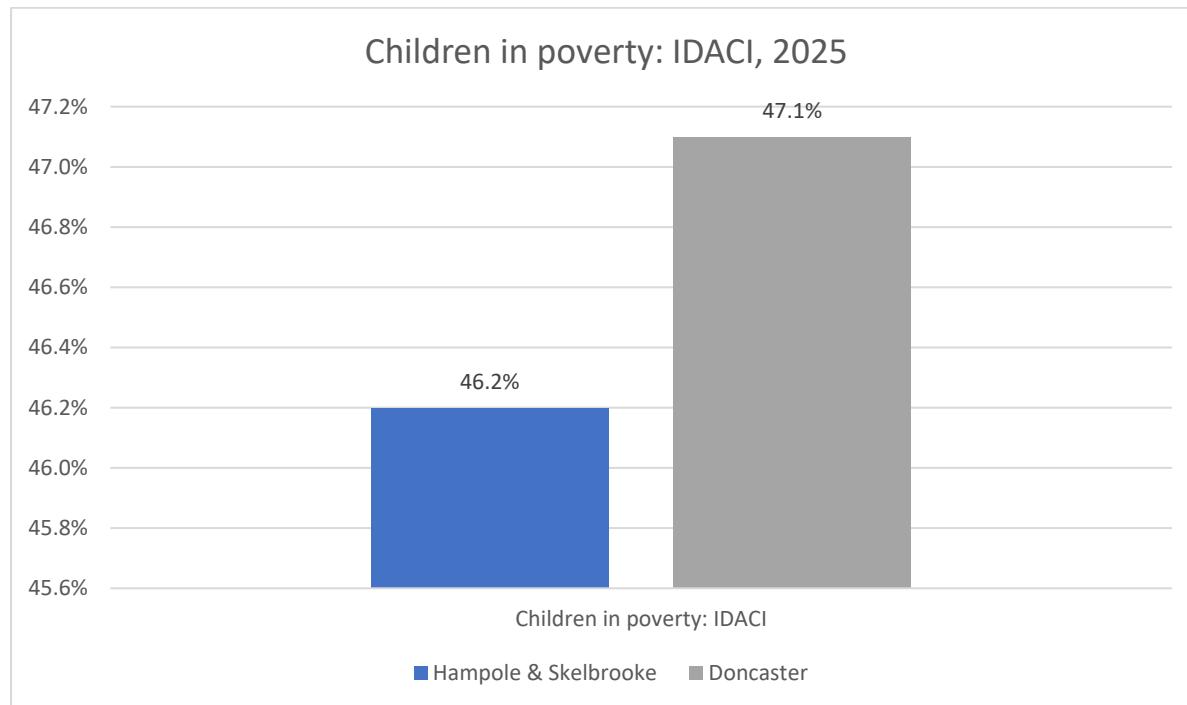


Figure 14: Children in Poverty: Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (aged 0 to 15), Office of National Statistics, 2025

Childhood Obesity

Childhood obesity and inequality are closely connected. Children from families with less money often have fewer chances to eat healthy food or play outside safely. They might live in areas without parks or easy access to affordable fresh fruits and vegetables. These challenges make it harder for them to stay at a healthy weight. Because of this, childhood obesity is more common in deprived communities. Helping all children grow up healthy means making sure every family has access to good food, safe places to play, and support for healthy living.

The prevalence of overweight (including obese) at reception age children (23.95%) is lower in the Sprotbrough ward, than Doncaster (26.7%), but is slightly higher than England (22.3%). Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) follows the same trend in reception aged children in Sprotbrough (10.9%), compared to Doncaster (12.1%) and England (9.8%). In year 6, the prevalence of obesity and overweight children sees positive rates compared to Doncaster and national levels. In year 6, the prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) in Sprotbrough (14.9%) is lower than both Doncaster (26.3%) and England (22.3%). Rates for the prevalence of overweight children (including obese) in year 6 in Sprotbrough (27.2%) are again lower than Doncaster (40.25) and England (36.2%).

Data from the 2024 Pupil Lifestyle Survey does suggest school aged children do consume some form of healthy foods during the week. That is, 79% of children in the ward reported to have eaten fruit and/or vegetables most or every day of the week in 2024. Fewer pupils reported to consume takeaways most or every day of the week (10%), slightly lower than the Doncaster average (13%).

Family Hubs

There are three Family Hubs in the North locality of Doncaster, namely Adwick, Askern, and Bentley, but none of these are in the Sprotbrough ward. Adwick and Bentley Family Hubs are the closest Hubs for Sprotbrough ward residents.

Family Hubs are local, community-based centres that offer integrated services for families from the early stages of life covering conception and early childhood up to adolescence, and up to age 25 for individuals with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND). Family Hubs offer early years and parental support including antenatal and postnatal care, baby and toddler classes, infant feeding, parenting programmes, SEND pathways and specialist support for mental health, domestic abuse, welfare and substance misuse. Family Hubs provide welcoming community spaces for families, bringing together education, health, social care, and wellbeing services in one facility and cater for a broad spectrum of needs. There are twelve Family Hubs across Doncaster, including the 3 in the North Locality.

Membership data shows the percentage of eligible children signed up to Family Hubs. In fiscal year 2024-2025 membership of children in Sprotbrough was 86% for children aged 0-8 weeks, 84% for 0-1 year and 11-month-old children and 81% for children aged between 0-4 years and 11 months.

Access data includes the percentage of children using Family Hubs services once or twice and engagement figures indicate the number of children seen three or more times. Engagement is lower in Sprotbrough compared to other wards, especially at age 0-1 years and 11 months (61%). Engagement increases to 84% when including all ages up to 0-4 years and 11 months but Sprotbrough remains lower than the average when compared to other areas.

Pupil Lifestyle Survey

The Pupil Lifestyle Survey (PLS) is conducted by the City of Doncaster Council to provide valuable data on children and young people's health-related behaviour, through an anonymous school-based questionnaire. Data from the survey has provided a set of Doncaster-wide figures at key points in children and young people's development; KS2, 3 and 4.

In the Sprotbrough ward, the 2024 Pupil Lifestyle Survey was completed by 238 pupils, with 115 of these from Year 4 and 123 from Year 6. Of these pupils, 44% were boys,

53% were girls and 3% described differently/prefer not to say. 87% of these pupils were of White ethnicity, 10% were pupils who identify themselves as being from an ethnic minority group and 3% preferred not to say. Only 17% have English as a second language. 8% of the pupils who answered the 2024 survey were disabled and 11% had special educational needs (SEN).

Physical Activity

Physical Activity Mosaic data shows that a percentage of Hampole and Skelbrooke residents do engage in physical activity but there still remains a large proportion who are inactive. Please see [appendix](#) for more information on mosaic data.

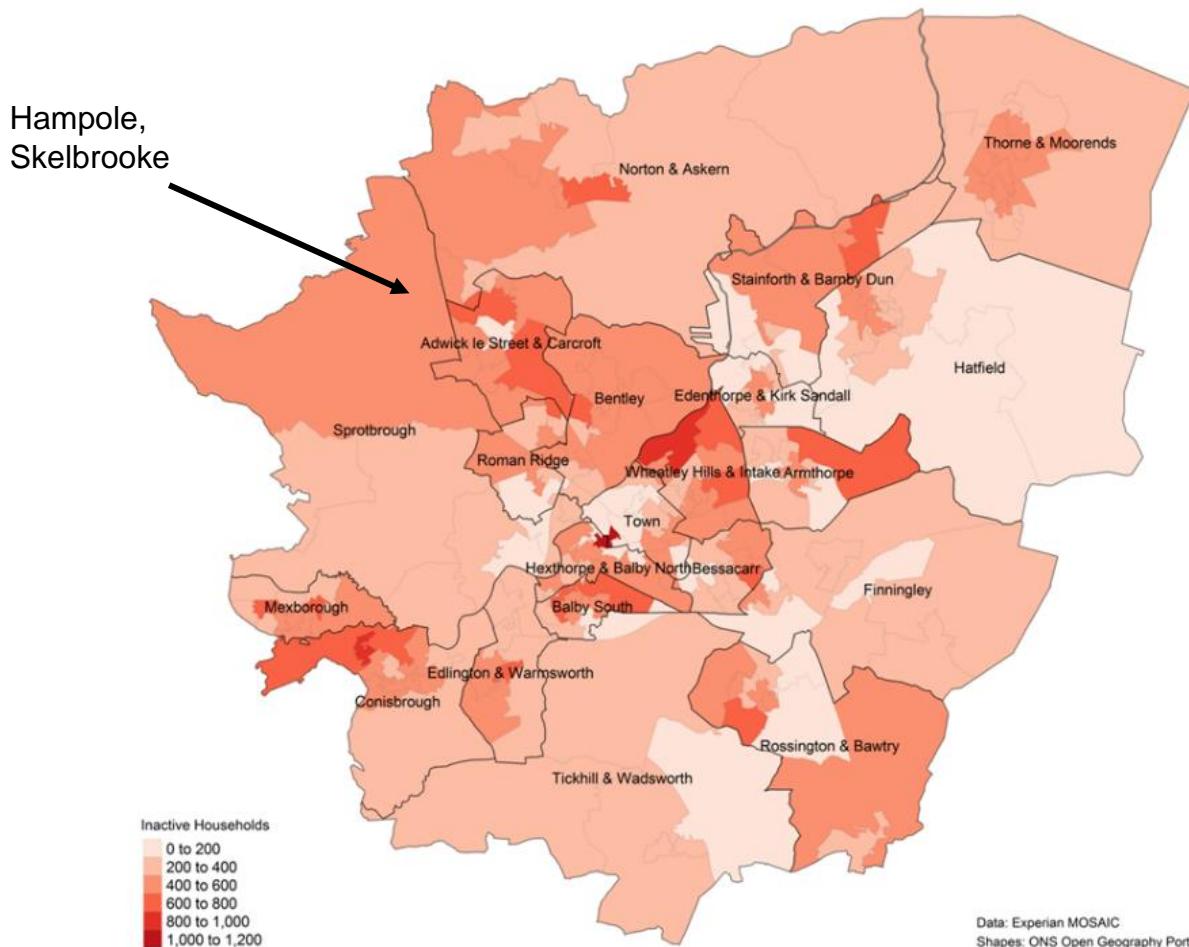


Figure 15, Physical Inactivity Levels in Doncaster, City of Doncaster Council, 2023

Sprotbrough physical activity levels in children are amongst the highest in the city. Data from the Pupil Lifestyle Survey (2024) reports an average 51% of pupils engage in physical activity on five or more occasions during the week, a further 30% on three or four occasions during the week. Of the 18% that reported to be active only once or twice a week, being not very good at it, getting hot and tired, just preferring to do other things and being outdoors in bad weather or when it's cold were the top 4 reasons for

not liking physical activity. Despite these self-reported high levels of activity, less than half (39%) of children walk to school in Sprotbrough.

It must be noted that inactivity levels still remain a cause for concern across Doncaster and this only reflects the heightened levels of inactivity across the city. Physical Activity should still remain high on the agenda for these communities.

Active Travel

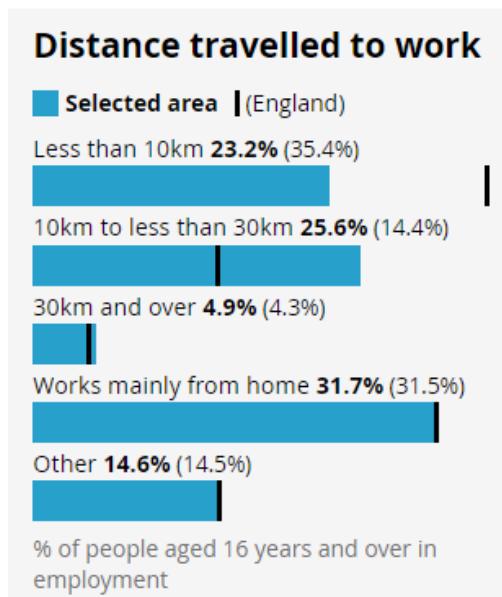


Figure 16. Distance Travelled to Work in Hampole & Skelbrooke, Office of National Statistics, 2021

The largest proportion of residents in Hampole and Skelbrooke work mainly from home (31.7%), possibly reflecting the flexibility and type of work that comes with management jobs. The percentage of those that travel less than 10km (23.3%) and those that travel between 10-30km (25.6%) are similar. Of which, a total of 62.9% of residents who travel to work will use a car or van as method of transport across all three communities. Projects promoting active travel to and from work should be considered to improve physical activity levels in the community.

Green Spaces and Parks

Hampole and Skelbrooke are lacking in green spaces and parks open to the public. A large portion of land is farmland in Skelbrooke. It is home to Hampole and Skelbrooke Cricket Club which hosts a playing field but for members only.

Community Information

Population

Hampole and Skelbrooke: 180

Ethnicity and Language

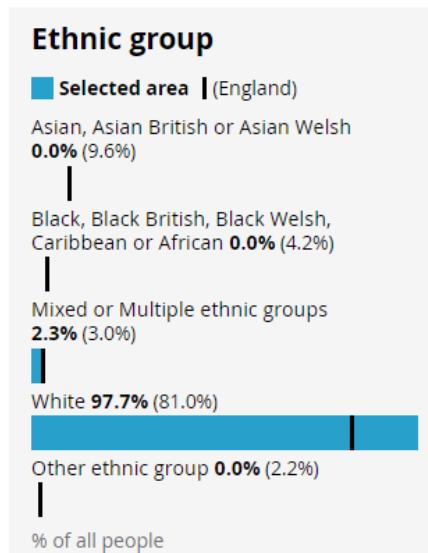


Figure 17. Ethnic Groups Residing in Hampole & Skelbrooke, Office of National Statistics, 2021

Hampole and Skelbrooke does not appear to be very diverse in ethnicity or languages spoken. Over 97% of the population residing in each community identify as 'White', whilst almost all residents report that their main language spoken is English. Only 4% and 3% of residents respectively report to have been 'born outside the UK'.

Age Profile

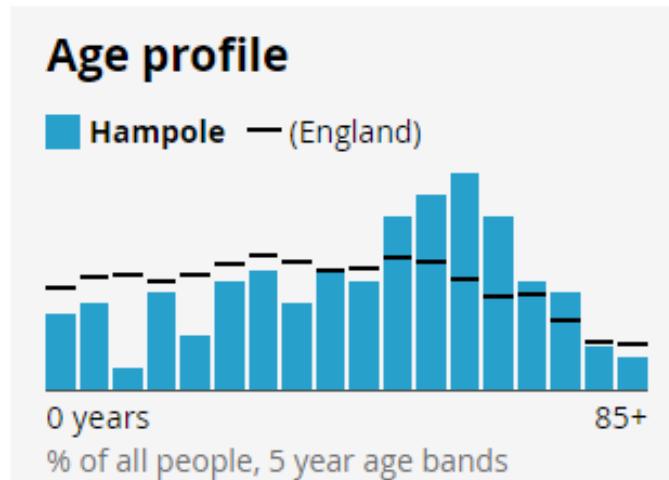


Figure 18. Age Profile in Hampole and Skelbrooke, Office of National Statistics, 2021

Data shows an aging population residing in Hampole and Skelbrooke. That is, there are much fewer children aged 19 and under (14.7%) and adults aged under 50 years of age (30.9%) compared to England. There is an increased number of residents aged 50 years and over (54.2%) and the gap between the national average continues to increase as residents age.

Housing

Housing conditions and the surrounding environment can have profound impacts upon residents' health and exacerbate health inequalities.

Nearly all of housing in Hampole, Skelbrooke and Skellow are classified as houses and/ or bungalows (97.5%). A small percentage of accommodation are flats, maisonettes or apartments (2.5%).

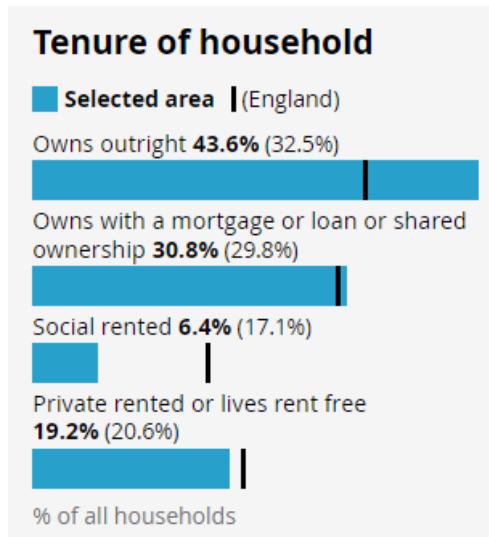


Figure 19. Tenure of Households in Hampole and Skelbrooke, Office of National Statistics, 2021

Figure 18 shows the tenure of households in Hampole and Skelbrooke. A higher percentage of households are owned outright in Hampole and Skelbrooke (43.6%) than the Doncaster average (32.5%). Similarly, households owned with a mortgage, loan or shared ownership is slightly higher in Hampole and Skelbrooke (30.8%). There are fewer socially rented houses and similar rates of private rented accommodation than the rest of England.

St Leger Homes manage 3 properties within Hampole and Skelbrooke. Their housing portfolio in the communities include two 3-bed houses and one 2-bed house. Rent arrears have increased from £17,787.72 in 2023/2024 to £20,115.19 in 2024/2025.

Whilst the majority of households makeups are single family households, there are a substantial number of residents are currently living alone in Hampole and Skelbrooke (20.8%) although these do not appear significantly higher than the Doncaster average.

Such data would suggest future projects should look at engaging with those at risk of isolation.

Community Safety

Community safety remains a top priority for residents and stakeholders across Doncaster. Feedback from a range of engagement activities consistently highlights concerns around anti-social behaviour, crime, and perceptions of safety. People want cleaner, more vibrant and welcoming neighbourhoods, supported by effective policing, youth engagement, and thoughtful environmental design.

To help achieve this, we're committed to a city-wide approach that combines proactive and reactive measures through a layered crime prevention strategy—primary, secondary, and tertiary—designed to make every community safer.

The Safer Stronger Doncaster Partnership

The Safer Stronger Doncaster Partnership is working together to make Doncaster a safer, stronger place for everyone. The partnership focuses on six key priorities that tackle issues affecting our communities:

- **Reducing anti-social behaviour** – making our streets and public spaces welcoming for all.
- **Reducing crime and re-offending** – supporting people to make positive choices and preventing repeat offences.
- **Tackling serious and organised crime** – protecting our communities from organised criminality and criminal networks.
- **Reducing substance and alcohol misuse** – helping people access support and reducing harm.
- **Tackling domestic and sexual abuse** – ensuring victims get the help they need and holding perpetrators to account.
- **Reducing violence and violent crime** – creating safer neighbourhoods for families and young people.

Together, these priorities aim to build a Doncaster where everyone feels safe and supported.

Community Voice / Key Safety Concerns

People in North Doncaster told us that anti-social behaviour is one of their biggest concerns, especially where groups gather and cause disruption. Residents also feel that problems like littering and fly-tipping make some areas feel neglected. Many

would feel safer with more visible policing and regular patrols to prevent issues before they escalate. While there's a strong sense of community and pride, people want to see practical changes—such as cleaner streets, better lighting, and more activities for young people—to keep the area safe and welcoming for everyone.

Anti-Social Behaviour

Anti-social behaviour (ASB) can be defined as when someone acts in a way that causes trouble, fear, or upset to others. This can include things like being noisy late at night, vandalism, or being aggressive in public. Hate crime is when someone is hurt or targeted because of their race, religion, disability, gender identity, or sexuality. It's not just a crime against one person—it can make whole communities feel unsafe.

North locality reported the lowest number of ASB, hate crime and low-level crimes during the first 6 months of 2023/24. Figure 19 shows that Sprotbrough had the lowest rate of crime and ASB across the North Locality.



Figure 20. Number of Early Interventions, ASB, Hate Crime and Low-level Crime Issues Identified and Managed at Locality Level 2023/24, City of Doncaster Council, 2024

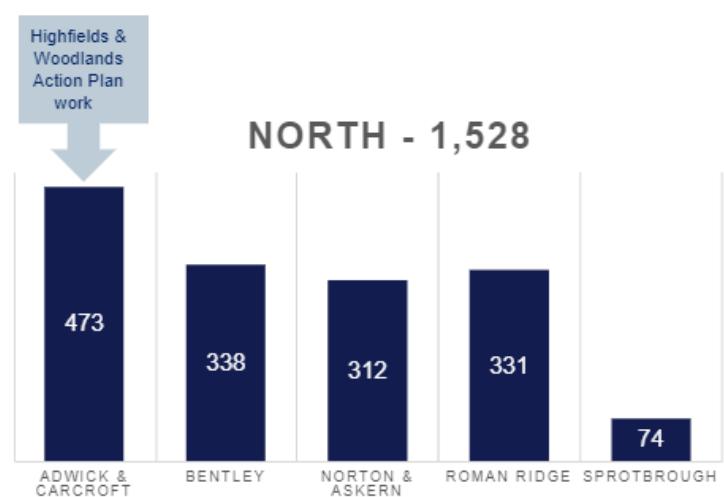


Figure 21. Number of Early Interventions, ASB, Hate Crime and Low-level Crime Issues Identified and Managed at Ward Level 2023/24, City of Doncaster Council, 2024

Wellbeing Support

This is one of the services delivered by City of Doncaster Council (CDC), the service supports residents with financial support, physical health, housing, mental health and social isolation, and an early intervention to prevent moving to adult social care services. The North locality identifies 3 common themes for support that residents are in need of, social isolation, loneliness and recreation, work, education and training and mental/emotional health.

Area	Total Number of Engagements*	1 st Most Common Theme	2 nd Most Common Theme	3 rd Most Common Theme
Borough wide	7,431	Social Isolation, Loneliness & Recreation	Mental & Emotional Health	Finances, Debt & Economic Wellbeing
North	2,383 (32.1% of Borough wide demand)	Social Isolation, Loneliness & Recreation	Work, Education or Training	Mental & Emotional Health
South	2,448 (32.9% of Borough wide demand)	Mental & Emotional Health	Social Isolation, Loneliness & Recreation	Physical Health
East	1,865 (25.1% of Borough wide demand)	Social Isolation, Loneliness & Recreation	Mental & Emotional Health	Finances, Debt & Economic Wellbeing
Central	735 (9.9% of Borough wide demand)	Finances, Debt & Economic Wellbeing	Social Isolation, Loneliness & Recreation / Mental & Emotional Health	Work, Education or Training

Table 3. Top 3 Most Common Themes for Support Identified, City of Doncaster Council 2025

Community Investment

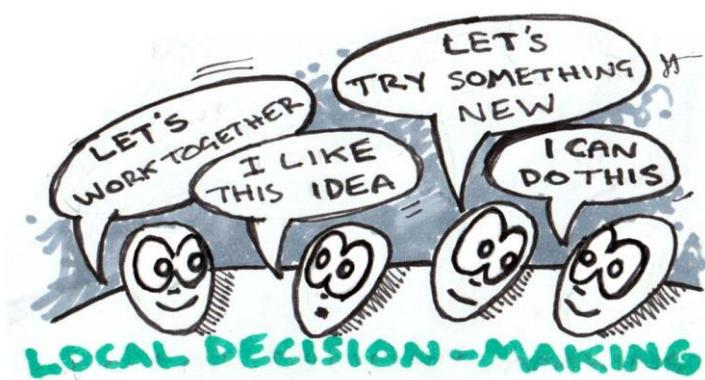
In the North locality, the sum of investment in through Doncaster Delivering Together was £1.79 million as of November 2025 (Doncaster Delivering Together, 2025). This has included investment such as 'Community Wealth Builder Support', 'Voluntary Community and Faith Sector Fund' and 'Active Communities Grant'. Financial support in the locality has focused on providing foodbank support, providing project resources, youth activities and supporting health and wellbeing in adults.

Ward	Total Amount by Ward	Funding Type	Total Amount by Locality
Norton & Askern	£235,468.67	VCFS, Ward Members, Barrier Buster, Community Booster, Active Communities Grant, Community Wealth Builder Support (X4), Locality Commissioning, Holiday Activity Fund, LSCIF Round Two, Community Investment Fund, Community Wealth Builder Grants, Dragon's Den, Ward Members	£1,790,000
Adwick Le Street & Carcroft	£246,844.57		
Sprotborough & Cusworth	£180,580.00		
Roman Ridge	£89,790.00		
Bentley	£1,036,595.72		

Table 4. Community Investment Across North Locality, Doncaster Delivering Together, 2025

In the Sprotbrough ward, investment totalled £180,580.00 as of November 2025. Community organisations receiving support include Cre8ive You CIC, Don Gorge Community Group, The Hygiene Bank, Jackdaw Wood CIC, Clayton-cum-Frickley County-Women's Association, Sprotbrough Community Library, St Mary's Church, Community Education Links, Sprotbrough Cricket Club, Friends of Cusworth Park, and Families Together. The main source of investment has been 'Community Wealth Builder Support', followed by 'Voluntary Community and Faith Sector Fund, and 'Community Wealth Builder Grants'.

The top priority for investment in the Sprotbrough ward was 'Building opportunities for healthier, happier and longer lives for all', followed by 'nurturing a child and family-friendly borough' and 'developing the skills to thrive in life and work'.



References

Armstrong, A.J., Holmes, C.M. and Henning, D., 2020. A changing world, again. How Appreciative Inquiry can guide our growth. *Social Sciences & Humanities Open*, 2(1), p.100038.

Ritchie, J., Spencer, L., O'Connor, W., & Lewis, J. (2003). Carrying out qualitative analysis. *London: Sage*.



Appendix

Well Doncaster

More information about Well Doncaster can be found on our website:

[Home | Well Doncaster](#)

Census 2021

The census is undertaken by the Office for National Statistics every 10 years and gives us a picture of all the people and households in England and Wales.

[Build a custom area profile - Census 2021, ONS](#)

[Census Maps - Census 2021 data interactive, ONS](#)

Public Health Data

Fingertips

This is a new Fingertips profile that uses data from Local Health an existing PHE data tool. Local Health is a collection of quality assured health information presented for small geographical areas. By presenting data for small areas, Local Health provides evidence of inequalities within local areas. It supports targeted interventions to reduce such inequalities.

Local Health contains indicators related to:

- Population and demographic factors
- Wider determinants of health
- Health outcomes

It presents data for middle super output areas (MSOA), electoral wards, clinical commissioning groups (CCG), local authorities, and England as a whole.

Please note, as the Local Health tool was designed to allow users to map small area data, a mapping option has not been provided in this profile.

<https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/local-health/data#page/0>

[Local Health - Public Health England - Reports: get a dashboard on a custom area](#)

Link to data- [Fingertips | Department of Health and Social Care](#)

Life expectancy and healthy life expectancy by ward: [Life expectancy by census ward](#)

Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2025 – statistical release, data files and reports: [English indices of deprivation 2025 - GOV.UK](#)

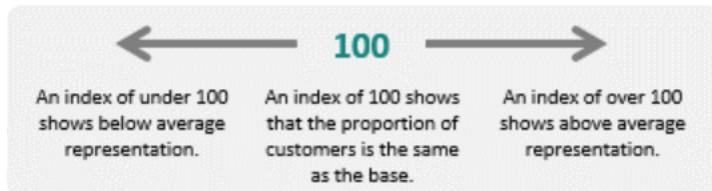
Acorn Profiles

Wellbeing Acorn segments the population into 4 groups (Health Challenges; At Risk; Caution; Healthy) and 25 types describing the health and wellbeing attributes of each postcode across the country. By analysing significant social and health related behaviour, it provides precise information and an in depth understanding of upstream issues affected by current lifestyle traits.

INTERPRETING THE REPORT

The Wellbeing Acorn profile report helps you understand the underlying demographics, lifestyle and health attributes of your customers and service users by comparing their Wellbeing Acorn profile to a base (e.g. UK population, area or other customer groups).

INDEX



The Wellbeing Acorn Profile contains 12 variables that are indicators of disability or infirmity in the population and 9 variables related to unhealthy behaviours. The average score measured against the base profile of Yorkshire and the Humber is 100. A value above 100 indicates that the area population is overrepresented for this characteristic, below 100 the value is less than the average or underrepresented.

Physical Activity

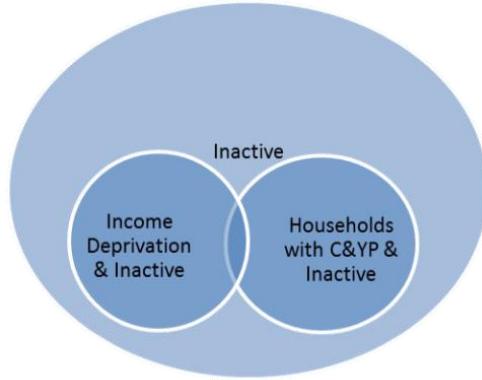
Get Doncaster Moving Survey

<https://getdoncastermoving.org/uploads/behavioural-insight-phase-one-summary-report.pdf?v=1644581925>

Mosaic Data

Mosaic Public Sector classifies the UK population into one of 66 types and 15 groups through a detailed and accurate understanding of each citizen's demographics, lifestyles, behaviours and location.

The Physically Inactive Population of Doncaster



The MOSAIC types who “Do not exercise” and “Do not take part in Sport” were searched and three priority groups have been identified through work with strategic partners as part of the development of Doncaster’s Physical Activity Strategy. The three priority groups are:

- The Inactive
- Families with children and young people
- People living in income deprivation

These groups are cross-referenced against the inactivity list allowing for the identification of MOSAIC types which are both likely to be inactive and living in deprivation as well as inactive and from households with children and young people.

Link to the Get Doncaster Moving strategy; [Let's Get Moving! | Get Doncaster Moving](#)

Pupil Lifestyle Survey

[Pupil Lifestyle Survey - Healthy Schools \(healthylearningdoncaster.co.uk\)](#)

Power BI – Joint Strategic Needs Assessment

The Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) is a process that identifies the current and future health and wellbeing needs of a local population. The dashboards show information about the employment, health, and wellbeing of people in Doncaster. We use this information to inform our policies and strategies to improve the lives of everyone in the Doncaster area.

[Joint Strategic Needs Assessments - Team Doncaster](#)

Community Safety

The Safer Stronger Doncaster Partnership Community Safety Strategy can be found at - [The Safer Stronger Doncaster Partnership - City of Doncaster Council](#)

If you'd like to stay informed about crime and ASB in your community, you can find detailed crime statistics for your neighbourhood at [www.police.uk](#).

If you would like further information about making Doncaster a Safer city, please see - [Making Doncaster a Safer City - YourLifeDoncaster](#)

To report issues or concerns, visit [www.yourlifedoncaster.co.uk/safer-city-how-to-report-issues](#)

Community Investment:

Investment Map: [Doncaster Delivering Together Investment Plan - Team Doncaster](#)

Population Health Management

Interactive Map

To access and identify assets at ward and locality level please use the following interactive

map: <https://www.google.co.uk/maps/d/viewer?mid=17BayPsliJ1OUq6U4OFbk9FKLYL2-wDZN&ll=53.50909620569456%2C-1.136502800000032&z=14>